INFORMATION FOR PATIENTS

Phototherapy (this includes TLO1, systemic PUVA and local PUVA)

Introduction
This leaflet has been written to help you understand more about phototherapy.

What is phototherapy?
Phototherapy means the use of light to treat medical conditions. Natural sunlight has been known to be beneficial in certain skin disorders for many years. It is the ultraviolet part of the radiation produced by the sun that is used in phototherapy, in particular ultraviolet A (UVA) and ultraviolet B (UVB) wavelengths.

Patients can be treated with a small part of the UVB spectrum (narrowband UVB) or UVA spectrum in combination with a sensitizer (a chemical that increases the effect of UVA on the skin) called psoralen. This treatment is known as PUVA – Psoralen with UVA).

How does phototherapy work?
Ultraviolet light reduces inflammation of the skin and can help in various inflammatory skin disorders. However, although it can cause skin conditions to clear, this is usually temporary and not a cure. PUVA is a more potent form of treatment, so is usually reserved for people who do not respond to UVB.

What does Phototherapy involve?
Ultraviolet treatments are administered in the hospital outpatients department. The first few treatments will often be very short and the duration of exposure to ultraviolet light will gradually increase. A visor or goggles will be worn to protect your face and eyes dependent upon the extent of your skin condition.

- **TLO1** – you attend the Dermatology department three times a week (Monday, Wednesday and Friday, for approximately eight weeks). The treatment is administered using a walk-in cabinet containing fluorescent light bulbs.

- **Systemic PUVA** - you attend the Dermatology department twice a
week (Monday and Friday, for approximately eight weeks). The treatment is administered using a walk-in cabinet containing fluorescent light bulbs.

Systemic PUVA treatment involves making your skin sensitive to UVA by means of a product known as psoralen, this is available in two forms:

- **Tablet PUVA** - psoralen tablets are taken two hours before exposure to the UVA light. These should be taken with a light snack.
  - Bath PUVA - psoralen solution is added to an 80 litre bath of warm water in which you will soak for 15 minutes.

Suitable sunglasses (those that filter all UV light) must be worn for:

- 24 hours after ingestion of psoralen tablets
- 4 hours after bath PUVA.

- **Local PUVA** – you attend the Dermatology department twice a week (Monday and Friday of each week, for approximately 12 weeks). The treatment is administered using specially designed boxes containing fluorescent light bulbs.

Local PUVA treatment involves making your skin extra sensitive to UVA by means of a psoralen, which is a solution added to a bowl containing five litres of warm water for a 15 minute soak. You then wait for 30 minutes, to optimise the effects of psoralen sensitising the skin, before exposure to the UVA light.

**What reason might prevent you having phototherapy?**

- If you are unable to attend regularly for treatment.
- If you are unable to stand unaided for up to ten minutes.
- If your skin condition is made worse by natural sunlight.
- If you have xeroderma pigmentosum or lupus erythematosus.
- If you have had a skin cancer.
- If you are taking medicine which suppresses your immune system, such as cyclosporin or methotrexate.
- If you are pregnant.

Your doctor may decide that phototherapy treatment is not suitable for you; if you are very sensitive to sunlight, taking medicines that make you more light sensitive to sunlight, or if your skin has been damaged by sunlight, sunbeds or previous ultraviolet treatments.

**Do I need to avoid anything whilst having PUVA?**

- Medicines that make you more light sensitive to ultraviolet light. You should inform the phototherapy staff of any new medicines prescribed or purchased, including herbal preparations.
• Additional exposure or the use of sunbeds.
• Excessive quantities of foods such as celery, carrots, figs, citrus fruits, parsnips and parsley – these can make you more sensitive to ultraviolet light.
• Perfumed products.
• Creams, ointments and lotions other than moisturiser (four hours prior to treatment), unless directed by your doctor or phototherapy staff.
• Short haircuts, as they may result in burning of previously covered skin.

What are the potential side effects of phototherapy?
The short-term side effects of phototherapy may include:
• Redness and discomfort (sunburn).
• Dry and itchy skin.
• Rashes – a sunlight-induced rash called polymorphic light eruption may develop whilst receiving ultraviolet light.
• Cold sores – if you are prone to these it is advisable to cover the area usually affected with sun block when having ultraviolet treatment.
• Blisters in areas of psoriasis.
• Worsening of skin disease.

Potential long-term side effects of phototherapy include:
• Premature skin ageing.
• Skin cancer - The risk of skin cancer is related to your total lifetime exposure to ultraviolet light, and other factors such as how easily you burn in the sun. The risk is higher with repeated courses of phototherapy.

Practical points when attending for phototherapy
• Use a good sunblock every day, but on treatment days not until after your phototherapy.

Contact details
If you develop any discomfort or redness of the skin after treatment please contact the Dermatology nursing staff on:
Tel: 01623 672310.

The department is open:
Monday to Friday, 9am – 5pm.

Please note we are closed weekends and bank holidays, during these times we would advise you to contact your own doctor (GP).

As a basic guide when your skin has developed redness/soreness:
• Bathe in cool water
• Apply a moisturiser as frequently as needed to relieve soreness
• Apply a prescribed steroid based cream, as directed, to the affected areas.

Useful websites
• www.bad.org.uk
• www.dermnetnz.org
• www.psoriasis.org

Further sources of information
NHS Choices: www.nhs.uk/conditions
Our website: www.sfh-tr.nhs.uk

Patient Experience Team (PET)
PET is available to help with any of your comments, compliments or concerns and will ensure a prompt and efficient service.

King’s Mill Hospital Tel: 01623 672222
Newark Hospital Tel: 01636 685692
Email: PET@sfh-tr.nhs.uk

If you need this information in a different language or format, please contact the Patient Experience Team, as above.

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If you require a full list of references for this leaflet, please email patient.information@sfh-tr.nhs.uk or telephone 01623 622515 ext 2715.

All of our hospitals are smoke free and as such you will not be able to smoke anywhere on site including the car parks, pathways and grounds. Please speak to a member of staff if you would like to stop smoking. We can offer advice and refer you to services that support smokers who want to cut down or stop completely.