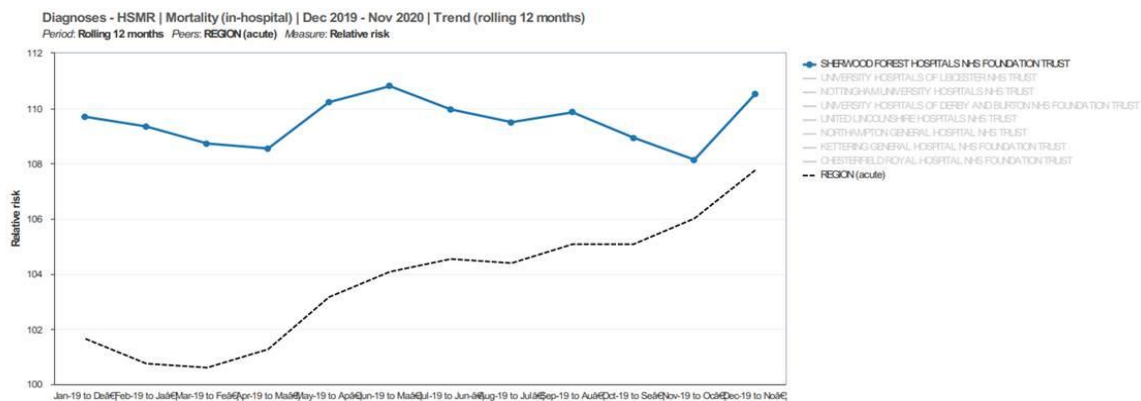


Sherwood Forest Hospitals Mortality Update- Learning from Deaths Progress Report (April 2021)

Summary:

- Data continues to show SFH HSMR as high (statistically significant) and the Trust as an outlier. Review and analysis thus far has failed to show a specific reason as to why the Trust saw an initial upward trend leading to this and its continued elevated position.
- The general pattern, to March 2021 (Nov 20 data) had been that of a steady picture which has continued despite a general increase in HSMR for other regional peer group members.
- SHMI has consistently remained “as expected”.
- Although no one-thing is thought to be a cause for the elevated HSMR there are several areas (highlighted) felt to be significant contributors.
- We continue to work closely with Dr Foster and are trying to use the data to support review of low volume outlier groups, as identified, and aid work into highlighted themes.

HSMR Position (Raw Data- Peer comparison):



- Issues previously highlighted by our team with regard to residual codes were, once again, apparent for December data (March 2021). As a result, Dr Foster was unable to produce a report last month and therefore the latest confirmed is February 2021 (Nov 2020 data). We have been assured by Dr Foster this should be rectified for April 2021 reporting although confirmation of accuracy is awaited before using this in our internal analysis and discussion.

HSMR Project Areas:

Key factors affecting data analysis have included:

- **External**
 - **COVID-** data skew has created challenges in determining the performance against other coding within HSMR activity.
- **Organisational:**
 - **Low activity-** variable impact on different HSMR basket areas making analysis increasingly difficult.
- **Data Analytics:**
 - **Postcode issues-** missing postcodes from a proportion of our data impacted deprivation coding. Refreshed data was submitted and an internal investigation recommended.
 - **Residual codes-** up to 50% of activity had not been assigned to one of the HSMR group sub-sets on two separate reporting months over the past year. Consequently, Dr Foster was unable to provide a definitive monthly report and unable to perform meaningful analysis.

Clinical Outlier areas:

Palliative coding-

- The Trust continues to be one of the lowest for coding nationally- Dr Foster indicates that, if we were at the national or regional average, our HSMR would potentially be as expected (sub-100). Palliative Care Board (PCB) is looking at Specialist Palliative Care (SCP) provision to ensure improved capture of coding and activity, including non-cancer palliative care.

GI Haemorrhage

- Specialty review was completed and reported “coding issues” to be impacting the group HSMR. Further coding review was undertaken (Feb 2021) which highlighted clinical notes entry and early decision making (including rationale and documentation) to require improvement – this was fed into the LfD group and front door pathways work. There has been a delay in actions due to clinical availability as a result of the global pandemic.

Alcohol Liver Disease

- Specialty review was completed (Oct-Nov 2020) alongside further focused discussion. Use of care bundles in early phases of admission, alongside a clearer approach to early and senior decision making were found to be areas for improvement. Further actions, including walk-through, have been delayed due to COVID pressures

Fracture Neck of Femur (#NOF)

- No longer an HSMR outlier but historical (thought to be, in part, a result of April 2019 spike).
- Independent (internal) focused review (Dec 20) highlighted areas for improvement including collaborative decision making and documentation / rationale for assessing suitability for surgical intervention or alternative management. Actions from this, including SJR panel review, pathway walk-through and facilitated session are still in development.
- We are in the process of developing reciprocal support and review with an external Trust; QEKL.

Other Areas:

SJR Panel

- Mobilisation (April 2021) was postponed after establishing SJR methodology was not being followed consistently by divisions / specialties and organisational processes were not in place for capturing and monitoring SJCR activity. SJR Training commenced April 2021 and capture of ALL SJCRs is now undertaken via DATIX (Module) with GSU oversight.

Data intelligence / Dr Foster

- Work is being undertaken to ensure any HSMR tool-kit is being used to full effect; this has included how to improve our access and functionality using Dr Foster but also discussion around potential alternative provision (Dr Foster contract renewal - Aug 21).
- One alternative provider, CHKS, has been considered with contact being made with other Trusts who have made the switch from Dr Foster. Initial feedback highlights greater functionality, improved organisational control, bespoke analytics and reduced cost- a further demonstration of CHKS and its functionality has been arranged

External Peer Support and Collaborative working

- It is thought our elevated HSMR position is influenced by:
 - Low activity
 - Palliative care coding
 - Sub-optimal first contact / early decision-making and pathways implementation.
- Themes appear to be similar to Queen Elizabeth Hospital (Kings Lynn) NHS Trust. We have made contact with regard to establishing supportive links, sharing of intelligence, HSMR action plans and reciprocal external peer review of SJCRs (specifically SFHT Fracture Neck of

