

The key elements of the BAF are:

- A description of each Principal (strategic) Risk, which forms the basis of the Trust's risk framework (with corresponding corporate and operational risks defined at a Trust-wide and service level)
- Risk ratings current (residual), tolerable and target levels
- Clear identification of primary strategic threats and opportunities that are considered likely to increase or reduce the Principal Risk, within which they are expected to materialise
- A statement of risk appetite for each threat and opportunity, to be defined by the Lead Committee on behalf of the Board (**Averse** = aim to avoid the risk entirely; **Minimal** = insistence on low-risk options; **Cautious** = preference for low-risk options; **Open** = prepared to accept a higher level of residual risk than usual, in pursuit of potential benefits)
- Key elements of the risk treatment strategy identified for each threat and opportunity, each assigned to an executive lead and individually rated by the lead committee for the level of assurance they can take that the strategy will be effective in treating the risk (see below for key)
- Sources of assurance incorporate the three lines of defence: (1) Management (those responsible for the area reported on); (2) Risk and compliance functions (internal but independent of the area reported on); and (3) Independent assurance (Internal audit and other external assurance providers)
- Clearly identified gaps in the primary control framework, with details of planned responses each assigned to a member of the Senior Leadership Team (SLT) with agreed timescales

Key to lead committee assurance ratings:

- Green = Positive assurance: the Committee is satisfied that there is reliable evidence of the appropriateness of the current risk treatment strategy in addressing the threat or opportunity
 - no gaps in assurance or control AND current exposure risk rating = target
 OR
 - gaps in control and assurance are being addressed
- Amber = Inconclusive assurance: the Committee is not satisfied that there is sufficient evidence to be able to make a judgement as to the appropriateness of the current risk treatment strategy
- Red = Negative assurance: the Committee is not satisfied that there is sufficient reliable evidence that the current risk treatment strategy is appropriate to the nature and/or scale of the threat or opportunity

This approach informs the agenda and regular management information received by the relevant lead committees, to enable them to make informed judgements as to the level of assurance that they can take, and which can then be provided to the Board in relation to each Principal Risk and also to identify any further action required to improve the management of those risks.

		Likelihood	score and descripto	or	
	Very unlikely 1	Unlikely 2	Possible 3	Somewhat likely 4	Very likely 5
Frequency How often might/does it happen	This will probably never happen/recur	Do not expect it to happen/recur but it is possible it may do so	Might happen or recur occasionally or there are a significant number of near misses / incidents at a lower consequence level	Will probably happen/recur, but it is not necessarily a persisting issue/ circumstances	Will undoubtedly happen/recur, possibly frequently
Probability Will it happen or not?	Less than 1 chance in 1,000 (< 0.1%)	Between 1 chance in 1,000 and 1 in 100 (0.1 - 1%)	Between 1 chance in 100 and 1 in 10 (1- 10%)	Between 1 chance in 10 and 1 in 2 (10 - 50%)	Greater than 1 chance in 2 (>50%)

Board committees should review the BAF with particular reference to comparing the tolerable risk level to the current exposure risk rating

This BAF includes the following Principal Risks (PRs) to the Trust's strategic priorities and the risk scores:

		Lead Director	Lead Committee	4	6	8	9	10	12	15	16	20	25		
PR1	Significant deterioration in standards of safety and care	Medical Director	Quality			Ø					- 0				Current
PR2	Demand that overwhelms capacity	Chief Operating Officer	Quality			0									
PR3	Critical shortage of workforce capacity and capability	Director of People	People & Culture			0						← ○			Tolerable
PR4	Failure to achieve the Trust's financial strategy	Chief Financial Officer	Finance			0						- 0			
PR5	Inability to initiate and implement evidence-based improvement and innovation	Director of Strategy and Partnerships	Quality		Ø										Target
PR6	Working more closely with local health and care partners does not fully deliver the required benefits	Director of Strategy and Partnerships	Risk	©											
PR7	Major disruptive incident	Director of Corporate Affairs	Risk	©										—	Current to tolerable
PR8	Failure to deliver sustainable reductions in the Trust's impact on climate change	Chief Financial Officer	Finance		Ø										



Principal risk (What could prevent us achieving this strategic objective)	_	ion in standards	in standards of safe of safety and quality of pa clinical outcomes	Strat	egic objective	To provide outstanding care in the best place at the right time					
Lead committee	Quality	Risk rating	Current exposure	Tolerable	Target	Risk type	Patient harm	20 -			
Lead director	Medical Director	Consequence	4. High	4. High	4. High	Risk appetite	Minimal	15 -			Current risk level
Initial date of assessment	01/04/2018	Likelihood	4. High	3. Possible	2. Unlikely			5 -	•••••		Tolerable risk
Last reviewed	03/10/2023	Risk rating	16. Significant	12. High	8. Medium			0 -	22 22 23 23 23	23 23 23 23 23	level ••••• Target risk level
Last changed	03/10/2023								Nov- Dec- Jan- Feb-	Apr-23 May-23 Jun-23 Jul-23 Aug-23 Sep-23 Oct-23	

Strategic threat (What might cause this to happen)	Primary risk controls (What controls/ systems & processes do we already have in place to assist us in managing the risk and reducing the likelihood/ impact of the threat)	Gaps in control (Specific areas / issues where further work is required to manage the risk to accepted appetite/tolerance level)	Plans to improve control (Are further controls possible in order to reduce risk exposure within tolerable range?)	Sources of assurance (and date) (Evidence that the controls/ systems which we are placing reliance on are effective)	Gaps in assurance / actions to address gaps (Insufficient evidence as to effectiveness of the controls or negative assurance)	Assurance rating
Inability to maintain patient safety and quality of care leading to increased incidence of avoidable harm and poor patient experience	 Clinical service structures, accountability & quality governance arrangements at Trust, division & service levels including: Monthly meeting of Patient Safety Committee (PSC) with work programme aligned to CQC registration regulations Nursing and Midwifery and AHP Business meeting Clinical policies, procedures, guidelines, pathways, supporting documentation & IT systems Clinical audit programme & monitoring arrangements Clinical staff recruitment, induction, mandatory training, registration & re-validation Defined safe medical & nurse staffing levels for all wards & departments (Nursing safeguards monitored by Chief Nurse) Ward assurance/ metrics and accreditation programme Nursing & Midwifery Strategy AHP Strategy Review, oversight and learning from patient safety incidents Internal Reviews against External National Reports Getting it Right First Time (GIRFT) localised deep dives, reports and action plans CQC quarterly Engagement Meetings Operational grip on workforce gaps reporting into the Incident Control Team People, Culture and Improvement Strategy Continued focus on recruitment and retention in significantly impacted areas, including system wide oversight Digital Strategy Group 	Medical, nursing, AHP and maternity staff gaps in key areas across the Trust, which may impact on the quality and standard of care Difficulty in maintaining the safety of our existing in-patients during prolonged periods of industrial action Inability to re-provide MDT or appointments in a timely way impacting on cancer pathway metrics and overall patient care	Review of informatics function and development of informatics strategy SLT Lead: Chief Digital Information Officer Timescale: March 2024 Progress: business case supported and progressing with recruitment Oversee the ePMA project board to resolve identified issues with eTTOs, critical medicines and allergy documentation SLT Lead: Medical Director Timescale: September 2023Complete – risks known and monitored	Management: Learning from deaths Report to QC and Board; Quarterly Strategic Priority Report to Board; Divisional risk reports to Risk Committee bi-annually; Guardian of Safe Working report to Board qrtly Quality and Governance Reporting Pathway; Patient Safety Committee → Quality Committee Reports include: DPR Report to PSC monthly and QC bi-monthly PSC assurance report to QC bi-monthly Patient Safety Culture (PSC) programme EOLC Annual Report to QC Safeguarding Annual Report to QC CYPP report to QC quarterly Medical Education update report to QC Medicines Optimisation Annual Report to QC Medicines Optimisation Annual Report to QC Outputs from internal reviews against External National Reports including HSIB and HQIP National and local Reports; Digital risks reported to Risk Committee 6-monthly and DSG monthly Risk and compliance: Quality Dashboard and SOF to PSC Monthly; Quality Account Report Qtrly to PSC and QC; SI & Duty of Candour report to PSC monthly; CQC report to QC bi-monthly; Significant Risk Report to RC monthly Independent assurance: CQC Engagement meeting reports to Quality Committee bi-monthly Screening Quality Assurance Services assessments and reports of: Antenatal and New-born screening Breast Cancer Screening Services Exernal Accreditation/Regulation annual assessments and reports of; Pathology (UKAS) Endoscopy Services (JAG) Medical Equipment and Medical Devices (BSI) Blood Transfusion Annual Compliance Report (MHRA)	Unmitigated risk associated with the continuation and escalation of industrial action, the lack of progress towards a negotiated solution and the impact across professional groups who inevitably step up to provide cover in service gaps	Positive No chang since Apr 2020



Strategic threat (What might cause this to happen)	Primary risk controls (What controls/ systems & processes do we already have in place to assist us in managing the risk and reducing the likelihood/impact of the threat)	Gaps in control (Specific areas / issues where further work is required to manage the risk to accepted appetite/tolerance level)	Plans to improve control (Are further controls possible in order to reduce risk exposure within tolerable range?)	Sources of assurance (and date) (Evidence that the controls/ systems which we are placing reliance on are effective)	Gaps in assurance / actions to address gaps (Insufficient evidence as to effectiveness of the controls or negative assurance)	Assurance rating
An outbreak of infectious disease that forces closure of one or more areas of the hospital	 Infection prevention & control (IPC) programme Policies/ Procedures; Staff training; Environmental cleaning audits PFI arrangements for cleaning services Root Cause Analysis and Root Cause Analysis Group Reports from Public Health England received and acted upon Infection control annual plan developed in line with the Hygiene Code Influenza and Covid vaccination programmes Public communications re: norovirus and infectious diseases Coronavirus identification and management process Infection Prevention and Control Board Assurance Framework Outbreak meeting including external representation, PHE, Regional IPC CQC IPC Key lines of enquiry engagement sessions Maintaining mask wearing and screening of patients on admission, and ensuring maintenance of pre-existing IPC requirements 		Autumn Covid and influenza vaccination programme SLT Lead: Director of People Timescale: December 2023	Management: Divisional reports to IPC Committee (every 6 weeks); IPC Annual Report to QC and Board; Water Safety Group; IPC BAF report to PSC and QC Risk and compliance: IPC Committee report to PSC qtrly; SOF Performance Report to Board monthly; IPC Clinical audits in IPCC report to PSC qtrly; Regular IPC updates to ICT; PLACE Assessment and Scores Estates Governance bimonthly Independent assurance: Internal audit plan: UKHSA attendance at IPC Committee; Independent Microbiologist scrutiny via IPC Committee; Influenza vaccination cumulative number of staff vaccinated; ICS vaccination governance report monthly; IPC BAF Peer Review by Medway Trust; HSE External assessment and report; CQC Maternity Review Dec 22		Positive Last changed Novembe 2022



Principal risk (What could prevent us achieving this strategic objective)		PR 2: Demand that overwhelms capacity Demand for services that overwhelms capacity resulting in a deterioration in the quality, safety and effectiveness of patient care								1. To provide outstanding care in the best place right time		
Lead committee	Quality	Risk rating	Current exposure	Tolerable	Target	Risk type	Patient harm	25				
Lead director	Chief Operating Officer	Consequence	4. High	4. High	4. High	Risk appetite	Minimal	20 15				
Initial date of assessment	01/04/2018	Likelihood	4. Somewhat likely	4. Somewhat likely	2. Unlikely			10	•••••	•••••	■ ■ Tolerable risk level	
Last reviewed	03/10/2023	Risk rating	16. Significant	16. Significant	8. Medium			0	22 22 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 2	23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 2	••••• Target risk level	
Last changed	03/10/2023								Nov- Dec. Jan- Feb-	Apr - 23 May - 23 Jun - 23 Aug - 23 Sep - 23		

Strategic threat	Primary risk controls	Gaps in control	Plans to improve control	Sources of assurance (and date)	Gaps in assurance / actions to	Assurance
(What might cause this to happen)	(What controls/ systems & processes do we already have in place to ass managing the risk and reducing the likelihood/ impact of the threat)		(Are further controls possible in order to reduce risk exposure within tolerable range?)	(<u>Evidence</u> that the controls/ systems which we are placing reliance on are effective)	address gaps (Insufficient evidence as to effectiveness of the controls or negative assurance)	rating
Growth in demand for care caused by: • An ageing population • Further waves of admissions driven by Covid-19, flu or other infectious diseases • Increased acuity leading to more admissions and longer length of stay	 Emergency admission avoidance schemes across the s SFH Same Day Emergency Care service in place to avoid admissions into inpatient facilities Single streaming process for ED & Primary Care – regulation meetings with NEMS Trust and System escalation policies and processes, into Full Capacity Protocol and Pandemic Surge Plan Trust leadership of and attendance at ICS UEC Delivery Inter-professional standards across the Trust to ensure complete today's work today e.g. turnaround times sure diagnostics are completed within 1 day SFH annual capacity plan with specific focus on the Williagnostics are completed within 1 day SFH annual capacity plan with specific focus on the Williagnostics Winter Planning Group Patient pathways, some of which are joint with NUH Referral management systems shared between primar secondary care Optimising Patient Journey Programme focussing on inflow Theatres, Outpatients and Diagnostics Transformation Programmes Elective Steering Group to steer the recovery of election waiting times Emergency Steering Group to steer improvement acroemergency pathway 	capacity/estate is insufficient to cope with surges in demand without undertaking exceptional actions e.g. reducing elective operating, bedding patients in alternative areas i.e. daycase the set the set the set the set to cope with surges in demand without undertaking exceptional actions e.g. reducing elective operating, bedding patients in alternative areas i.e. daycase the set to cope with surges in demand without undertaking exceptional actions e.g. reducing elective operating, bedding patients in alternative areas i.e. daycase the set to cope with surges in demand without undertaking exceptional actions e.g. reducing elective operating, bedding patients in alternative areas i.e. daycase the set to cope with surges in demand without undertaking exceptional actions e.g. reducing elective operating, bedding patients in alternative areas i.e. daycase the set to cope with surges in demand without undertaking exceptional actions e.g. reducing elective operating, bedding patients in alternative areas i.e. daycase elections in the set to cope with surges in demand elections	Develop delivery plans with system partners under the oversight of the ICS Plan Delivery Group SLT Lead: Chief Operating Officer Timescale: July 2023Superseded by the PA Consulting action Winter Planning documents for 23/24 to identify clear demand and capacity gaps/bridges to be presented to Board in September and October 2023 SLT Lead: Chief Operating Officer Timescale: October 2023 PA Consulting to complete process mapping in relation to patient discharge to identify areas for improvement SLT Lead: Chief Operating Officer Timescale: November 2023	Management: Performance management reporting arrangements between Divisions, Service Lines, and Executive Team and Board on an at least bimonthly basis; Waiting list update to TMT as required; Bed model outcomes to Exec Team Feb 23 Risk and compliance: Divisional risk reports to Risk Committee biannually; Significant Risk Report to RC monthly; Integrated Performance Report including national rankings to Board quarterly Independent assurance: Performance Management Framework internal audit report Jun 22		Positive Last changed December 2020
Reductions-Constraints in availability of hospital bed capacity caused by increasingelevated numbers of MFFD (medically fit for discharge) patients remaining in hospital	 Engagement in ICB Discharge Operational Steering Grown ICS Discharge to Assess business case being implement Multidisciplinary Transfer of Care Hub opened at SFH (see Section 1) Use of additional beds Mansfield Community Hospital (3 wards) Use of Ashmere 	ted achievement of the mid-Notts	Delivery of ICS Discharge to Assess Business Case SLT Lead: Chief Operating Officer Timescale: throughout 23/24 Virtual ward programme implementation SLT Lead: Chief Operating Officer Timescale: expanding throughout 23/24 PA Consulting to complete process mapping in relation to patient discharge to identify areas for improvement SLT Lead: Chief Operating Officer Timescale: November 2023	Management: Daily and weekly themed reporting of the number of MFFD patients in hospital beds - reports into the system CEOs group, ICS UEC Delivery Board and ICS Demand and Capacity Group monthly Risk and compliance: Exception reporting on the number of MFFD into the Trust Board via the Integrated Performance Report quarterly		No change since threat added in January 2022



Strategic threat (What might cause this to happen)	Primary risk controls (What controls/ systems & processes do we already have in place to assist us in managing the risk and reducing the likelihood/ impact of the threat)	Gaps in control (Specific areas / issues where further work is required to manage the risk to accepted appetite/ tolerance level)	Plans to improve control (Are further controls possible in order to reduce risk exposure within tolerable range?)	Sources of assurance (and date) (Evidence that the controls/ systems which we are placing reliance on are effective)	Gaps in assurance / actions to address gaps (Insufficient evidence as to effectiveness of the controls or negative assurance)	Assurance rating
Operational failure of General Practice to cope with demand resulting in even higher demand for secondary care as the 'provider of last resort'	 Visibility on the ICS risk register / BAF entry relating to operational failure of General Practice Weekly Chief Officer calls across ICS, including Primary Care 			Management: Routine mechanism for sharing of ICS and SFH risk registers – particularly with regard to risks for primary care staffing and demand	Lack of visibility in primary care demand and capacity Action: Continue to push via ICS UEC Delivery Board and ICS Demand and Capacity Group the importance of system-wide oversight of demand and capacity SLT Lead: Chief Operating Officer Timescale: Ongoing during 2023	No change since April 2020
Drop in operational performance of neighbouring providers that creates a shift in the flow of patients and referrals to SFH	 Engagement in Integrated Care System (ICS), and assuming a leading role in Integrated Care Provider development. Horizon scanning with neighbour organisations via meetings between relevant Executive Directors 			Management: Weekly reports provided by NHSE Regional Team showing performance against key Urgent and Emergency Care metrics Risk and compliance: NUH service support to SFH paper to Executive Team	Lack of control over the flow of patients from the surrounding area Action: Continue to work with system partners within ICS forums e.g. ICS UEC Delivery Board and System Flow Meetings SLT Lead: Chief Operating Officer Timescale: Ongoing during 2023	Positive Last changed November 2022
Growth in demand for care in our maternity services (population growth and increase in out of area referrals)	 Over-established midwifery by 10% from 2021/22 Additional antenatal clinics based on overtime/bank Maternity assurance group (monthly) Director of Midwifery providing Board-level oversight 	Midwifery staffing vacancies (gap of 5.6% WTE against establishment) No increase in junior medical staffing Nursing gaps in neonatal unit No standalone junior out-of-hours on-call for neonatal (as per critical care review) Physical capacity/estate will be insufficient should growth trends continue in the coming	Maternity and Neonatal service review document in development SLT Lead: Chief Operating Officer Timescale: Q2 23/24	Management: Maternity dashboard that includes all relevant KPIs and quality standards (live and reviewed monthly at performance meetings) Risk and compliance: Maternity and gynaecology and divisional performance meetings (monthly)		Positive New threat added January 2023



Principal risk (What could prevent us achieving this strategic objective)	PR 3: Critical shortage of A shortage of workforce capacity which can have an adverse impact	and capability re	esulting in a deteriora	-		Strate	egic objective	3. Empower and support our po	eople to be the best they can be		
Lead committee	People_&_, Culture-& Improvement	Risk rating	Current exposure	Tolerable	Target	Risk type	Services	25 - 20 -			
Lead director	Director of People	Consequence	4. High	4. High	4. High	Risk appetite	Cautious	15 -			——Current risk level
Initial date of assessment	01/04/2018	Likelihood	5. Very likely	4. Somewhat likely	2. Unlikely			10 - 5 -	•••••	•••••	━━ Tolerable risk level
Last reviewed	26/09/2023	Risk rating	20. Significant	16. Significant	8. Medium			0 -	7,77	Feb-23 Mar-23 May-23 Jun-23 Jul-23 Sep-23	••••• Target risk level
Last changed	26/09/2023								Oct Nov Dec	Feb May May Jun Jun Juli	

Ctuatagie thusat	Duimanu viels controle	Cana in control	Diana ta impuessa cantual	Sources of assurance (and date)	Gaps in assurance / actions to	Assurance
Strategic threat (What might cause this to happen)	Primary risk controls (What controls/ systems & processes do we already have in place to assist us in managing the risk and reducing the likelihood/ impact of the threat)	Gaps in control (Specific areas / issues where further work is required to manage the risk to accepted appetite/ tolerance level)	Plans to improve control (Are further controls possible in order to reduce risk exposure within tolerable range?)	(<u>Evidence</u> that the controls/ systems which we are placing reliance on are effective)	address gaps (Insufficient evidence as to effectiveness of the controls or negative assurance)	rating
Inability to attract and retain staff due to market factors, resulting in critical workforce gaps in some clinical and non-clinical services	 People Strategy 2022-2025 People Cabinet Activity, Workforce and Financial plan 5-year strategic workforce plan supported by associated Tactical People Plans Vacancy management and recruitment systems and processes TRAC system for recruitment; e-Rostering systems and procedures used to plan staff utilisation Defined safe medical & nurse staffing levels for all wards and departments / Safe Staffing Standard Operating Procedure Temporary staffing approval and recruitment processes with defined authorisation levels; Activity Manager to support activity plans and utilisation of Consultant job planning Education partnerships with formal agreements in place with West Notts College and Nottingham Trent University Director of People attendance at ICS People and Culture Board Workforce planning for system work stream Communications issued regarding HMRC taxation rules on pensions and provision of pensions advice Pensions restructuring payment introduced Risk assessments for at-risk staff groups Refined and expanded Health and Wellbeing support system Communication of daily SitReps (Situation Reports) for workforce gaps 	Workforce gaps across key areas such as Medical, Nursing, AHP and Maternity, which may impact on the quality and standard of care Lack of consistency across the system with regard to recruitment and retention, creating competition and not maximising opportunities	Deliver the People, Culture and Improvement Strategy – Year 2 SLT Lead: Director of People Timescale: March 2024 Work with the Chief People Officer to form a provider collaborative forum for recruitment and retention SLT Lead: Director of People Progress: Retention Lead post recruited to at ICB, and provider collaborate workforce programmes being worked up Timescale: November 2023	Management: Quarterly Strategic Priority Report to Board; Nursing and Midwifery and AHP six monthly staffing report to PCI Committee; Workforce and OD ICS/ICP update quarterly; Quarterly Assurance reports on People & Inclusion and Culture & Improvement to People Culture and Improvement Committee; Recruitment & Retention report monthly; Strategic Workforce Plan to PCI Committee Jun 22; Employee Relations Quarterly Assurance Report to People, Culture and Improvement Committee; People Plan updates to PCI Committee bi-monthly; Leadership Development Strategy Assurance Report to PCI Committee Jun 22; Assurance Report to People, Culture and Improvement Committee quarterly Risk and compliance: Risk Committee significant risk report Monthly; HR & Workforce planning report Risk Committee; SOF – Workforce Indicators to People Cabinet (Monthly) - Quarterly to Board; Bank and agency report (monthly); Guardian of safe working report to Board quarterly Independent assurance: Well-led report CQC; NHSI use of resources report; Pre-employment Checks internal audit report Feb 21 — significant assurance Recruitment of agency staff audit report Jun 23; HSJ Award for Acute Trust of the Year 2021; People Plan to People, Culture and Improvement Committee Apr 21	provide psychological support following traumatic events SLT Lead: Deputy Director of People Timescale: August 2023Complete Implementation of a standard operating procedure for Trauma Risk Management Practitioners to support staff following traumatic events SLT Lead: Deputy Director of People Timescale: December 2023	Positive Last change June 2022



Strategic threat (What might cause this to happen)	Primary risk controls (What controls/ systems & processes do we already have in place to assist us in managing the risk and reducing the likelihood/ impact of the threat)	Gaps in control (Specific areas / issues where further work is required to manage the risk to accepted appetite/ tolerance level)	Plans to improve control (Are further controls possible in order to reduce risk exposure within tolerable range?)	Sources of assurance (and date) (Evidence that the controls/ systems which we are placing reliance on are effective)	Gaps in assurance / actions to address gaps (Insufficient evidence as to effectiveness of the controls or negative assurance)	Assurance rating
A significant loss of workforce productivity arising from a short-term reduction in staff availability or reduction in morale and engagement, which could lead to a detremental impact on patients and service users	 People Strategy 2022-2025 People Cabinet Chief Executive's blog / Staff Communication bulletin / Weekly #TeamSFH Brief Engagement events with Staff Networks (BAME, LGBTQ+, WAND, Carers, Women in Sherwood Wellbeing Champions) Schwartz rounds Learning from COVID Key recognition milestones and events Annual Staff Excellence / Admin Awards Divisional action plans from staff survey Policies (inc. staff development; appraisal process; sickness and relationships at work policy) Just and Restorative culture Influenza vaccination programme COVID-19 vaccination programme Staff wellbeing drop-in sessions Staff wellbeing support Staff counselling / Occ Health support including dedicated Clinical Psychologist for staff Enhanced equality, diversity and inclusion focus on workforce demographics Freedom to Speak Up Guardian and champion networks Emergency Planning, Resilience & Response (EPRR) arrangements for temporary loss of essential staffing (including industrial action and extreme weather event) Combined violence and aggression campaign across system partners Anti-racism Strategy Industrial action group further developing preparedness for the Trust, system and the wider community 	Inequalities in staff inclusivity and wellbeing across protected characteristics groups Continued staff exposure to violence and aggression by patients and service users	Undertake a review in accordance with the National Improvement Plan and highlight associated actions SLT Lead: Director of People Timescale: September 2023Complete Implement the actions from the Equality, Diversity and Inclusivity improvement plan SLT Lead: Deputy Director of People Timescale: March 2024 Violence and Aggression Working Group to establish an action plan in related to the V&A agenda SLT Lead: Director of People Timescale: October 2023	Management: Staff Survey Action Plan to Board May 23; Staff Survey Annual Report to Board Apr 23; Equality and Diversity Annual Report Jun 22; WRES and WDES report to Board Sep 22; Quarterly Assurance reports on People Cabinet to People Culture and Improvement Committee; Wellbeing report to People, Culture and Improvement Committee Dec 22; People Plan updates to People, Culture and Improvement Committee quarterly Risk and compliance: EPRR Report (bi-annually); Freedom to speak up self-review Board Aug22; Freedom to Speak Up Guardian report quarterly; Guardian of Safe Working report to Board quarterly; Significant Risk Report to RC monthly; Gender Pay Gap report to Board Apr 23; Assurance Report to People, Culture and Improvement Committee quarterly; People Plan to People, Culture and Improvement Committee Apr22; Anti-Racism Strategy to Board Mar 22; Mental Health Strategy to PCI Committee Jun 22 Independent assurance: National Staff Survey Mar23; SFFT/Pulse surveys (Quarterly); Well-led report CQC; Well-led Review report to Board Apr 22; NHS People Plan – Focus on Equality, Diversity and Inclusion internal audit report Jun 22	Potential impact of cost-of-living issues on staff morale and wellbeing Potential ilndustrial action up to and including strike action from all NHS unions, affecting all system partners Co-ordinated strike action by consultants and junior doctors — on strike days Christmas Day cover only	Inconclusive Last changed October 2022



Principal risk (What could prevent us achieving this strategic objective)	PR 4: Failure to achiev						Strategic objective 5. Sustainable use of resources and estate	
Lead committee	Finance	Risk rating	Current exposure	Tolerable	Target	Risk type	Regulatory action	25
Lead director	Chief Financial Officer	Consequence	4. High	4. High	4. High	Risk appetite	Cautious	15 — Current risk level
Initial date of assessment	01/04/2018	Likelihood	5. Very likely	3. Possible	2. Unlikely		•	10 Tolerable risk level
Last reviewed	31/10/2023	Risk rating	20. Significant	12. High	8. Medium			Target risk level
Last changed	31/10/2023							Nov-22 Dec-22 Jan-23 Feb-23 Apr-23 Jul-23 Aug-23 Sep-23 Oct-23

Strategic threat (What might cause this to happen)	Primary risk controls (What controls/ systems & processes do we already have in place to assist us in managing the risk and reducing the likelihood/ impact of the threat)	Gaps in control (Specific areas / issues where further work is required to manage the risk to accepted appetite/ tolerance level)	Plans to improve control (Are further controls possible in order to reduce risk exposure within tolerable range?)	Sources of assurance (and date) (Evidence that the controls/ systems which we are placing reliance on are effective)	Gaps in assurance / actions to address gaps (Insufficient evidence as to effectiveness of the controls or negative assurance)	Assurance rating
A reduction in funding or change in financial trajectory or unexpected event resulting in an increased Financial Improvement Plan (FIP) requirement to reduce the scale of the financial deficit, without having an adverse impact on quality and safety	 5 year long term financial model Working capital support through agreed loan arrangements Annual financial plan and budgets, based on available resources and stretching financial improvement targets. Improvement Faculty established to support the development and delivery of transformation and efficiency schemes Delivery of budget holder training workshops and enhancements to financial reporting Close working with ICB partners to identify system-wide planning, transformation and cost reductions Executive oversight of commitments Development of a three-year Transformation and Efficiency Programme covering 2022-25 Forecast sensitivity analysis and underlying financial position reported to Finance Committee Capital Resources Oversight Group overseeing capital expenditure plans Enhanced financial governance established, including bimonthly finance-focussed Divisional Performance Review meetings. Divisional Finance Committees are also being established Divisional Finance Committees established in most divisions Financial Recovery Cabinet (monthly) and Financial Recovery Plan workstreams established Financial controls self-assessment completed and working group set up to undertake improvement actions 	Medium/Long Term Financial Strategy was developed pre- pandemic and does not reflect the current financial framework Revenue business case process may not adequately represent the longer-term priorities and potential consequences of future years	Financial strategy for 3-5 years to be developed at a Trust and Integrated Care Board level Progress: 2023/24 financial plan in development Longer-term financial strategy to be finalised during 2023/24 as part of strategic priorities, in line with clinical and operational strategies Longer-term financial in development as part of strategic priorities, in line with clinical and operational strategies, annual planning for 2024/25 in progress SLT Lead: Chief Financial Officer Timescale: March 2024 Review and implement enhanced business case process for 2023/24 planning and in-year prioritisation Progress: Business case process for 2023/24 planning completed. — process for in year prioritisation post planning to be confirmed; however limited resources mean that business cases are currently paused and managed through the risk management framework Limited resources mean that business cases are currently paused, however in-year cases are currently paused, however in-year cases are managed through the Financial Recovery Cabinet and Trust Management Team on an exceptional basis. All paused cases are managed through the risk management framework A further review of the business case process will be undertaken as part of the 2024/25 Planning round SLT Lead: Chief Financial Officer Timescale: September 2023 March 2024	Management: CFO's Financial Reports and Transformation & Efficiency Summary (Monthly); Quarterly Strategic Priority Report to Board; ICS finance report to Finance Committee (monthly); Capital Resources Oversight Group quadrant reports to Execs; Divisional Performance Reviews and Divisional Finance Reviews (monthly); Divisional risk reports to Risk Committee bi-annually; Monthly Agency reports to Trust Management Team; Financial Recovery Cabinet quadrant reports to Finance Committee (Monthly) Risk and compliance: Risk Committee significant risk report monthly Independent assurance: Deloitte audit of COVID-19 expenditure; NHS England Financial Controls Assessment (Sep 23); External Audit Year-end Report 2022/23 Internal Audit reports: Key Financial Systems - Asset Register Jan 22 Improving NHS financial sustainability Dec 22 Key Financial Systems — Pay Expenditure Jul 23		Positive Last changed July 2022
ICB system deficit results in a negative financial impact to the Trust	 Full participation in ICB planning SFH plan consistency with ICB and partner plans ICB DoFs Group ICB Operational Finance Directors Group ICB Financial Framework ICB Agency Reduction Group (Chaired by SFH CFO) 	ICB Medium/Long Term Financial Strategy to be developed		Risk and compliance: ICS financial reports to Finance Committee; ICS Board updates to SFH Trust Board		Positive Last changed July 2022



Principal risk (What could prevent us achieving this strategic objective)	_	: Inability to initiate and implement evidence-based improvement and innovation of support, capability and agility to optimise strategic and operational opportunities to improve patient care							tegic objective	4: To continuously learn and	improve
Lead committee	People, Culture & Improvement Quality	Risk rating	Current exposure	Tolerable	Target	Risk type	Services	10 -			
Lead director	Director of Strategy and Partnerships	Consequence	3. Moderate	3. Moderate	3. Moderate	Risk appetite	Cautious	6 -			—— Current risk level
Initial date of assessment	17/03/2020	Likelihood	3. Possible	3. Possible	2. Unlikely			4 -			■ ■ Tolerable risk level
Last reviewed	03/10/2023	Risk rating	9. Medium	9. Medium	6. Low			0 -	2 2 8 8		••••• Target risk level
Last changed	03/10/2023								Nov-2 Dec-2 Jan-2 Feb-2	Mar-23 Apr-23 Jun-23 Jul-23 Aug-23 Sep-23	

Strategic threat (What might cause this to happen)	Primary risk controls (What controls/ systems & processes do we already have in place to assist us in managing the risk and reducing the likelihood/ impact of the threat)	Gaps in control (Specific areas / issues where further work is required to manage the risk to accepted appetite/ tolerance level)	Plans to improve control (Are further controls possible in order to reduce risk exposure within tolerable range?)	Sources of assurance (and date) (Evidence that the controls/ systems which we are placing reliance on are effective)	Gaps in assurance / actions to address gaps (Insufficient evidence as to effectiveness of the controls or negative assurance)	Assurance rating
Lack of understanding and agility resulting in reduced efficiency and effectiveness around how we provide care for patients	 Digital Strategy People, Culture & Improvement Strategy Quality Strategy People, Culture & Improvement Committee Leadership development programmes Talent management map Programme Management Office Culture & Improvement Cabinet Transformation Cabinet Ideas generator platform Improvement Faculty Financial Recovery Programme 	The improvement function needs to be organisationally embedded following the restructure	Structured programme of engagement and communications to be developed and delivered SLT Lead: Director of Strategy and Partnerships Timescale: September 2023Complete Continue communications to promote further engagement while the Continuous Improvement Strategy is being developed SLT Lead: Director of Strategy and Partnerships Timescale: March 2024	Management: Monthly Transformation and Efficiency report to FC; Clinical Audit & Improvement report to Advancing Quality Group quarterly; Culture & Improvement Assurance Report to PC&IC bi-monthly Risk and compliance: SOF Culture and Improvement indicators; SFH Trust Priorities to Board quarterly Independent assurance: Internal Audit of FIP/QIPP processes Sep 21; 360 assessment in relation to Clinical Effectiveness - report May '22	Lack of capacity for colleagues to engage with improvement Promote the training an ongoing support available to all colleagues via the Improvement Faculty SLT Lead: Director of Strategy and Partnerships Timescale: September 2023 Lack of organisational clear direction in terms of continuous improvement across the Trust Develop and roll out a Continuous Improvement Strategy SLT Lead: Director of Strategy and Partnerships Timescale: March 2024	Inconclusive Last changed October 2022



Principal risk (What could prevent us achieving this strategic objective)	PR 6: Working more close required benefits Influencing the wider determinar working	•		•		Strategic objective 6. Work collaboratively with partners in the community		
Lead committee	Risk	Risk rating	Current exposure	Tolerable	Target	Risk type	Services	10
Lead director	Director of Strategy and Partnerships	Consequence	2. Low	2. Low	2. Low	Risk appetite	Cautious	6 ————————————————————————————————————
Initial date of assessment	01/04/2020	Likelihood	3. Possible	4. Somewhat likely	2. Unlikely			4 ——— Tolerable risk level
Last reviewed	13/10/2023	Risk rating	6. Low	8. Medium	4. Low			Apr-23 Aug-23 Au
Last changed	12/09/2023							Nov Dec Jan Apr Aug Sep Oct

Strategic threat (What might cause this to happen)	Primary risk controls (What controls/ systems & processes do we already have in place to assist us in managing the risk and reducing the likelihood/ impact of the threat)	Gaps in control (Specific areas / issues where further work is required to manage the risk to accepted appetite/ tolerance level)	Plans to improve control (Are further controls possible in order to reduce risk exposure within tolerable range?)	Sources of assurance (and date) (Evidence that the controls/ systems which we are placing reliance on are effective)	Gaps in assurance / actions to address gaps (Insufficient evidence as to effectiveness of the controls or negative assurance)	Assurance rating
Conflicting priorities, financial pressures (system financial plan misalignment) and/or ineffective governance resulting in a breakdown of relationships amongst ICS and ICP partners and an inability to influence further integration of services across acute, mental, primary and social care	 Mid-Nottinghamshire Integrated Care Partnership Mid-Nottinghamshire ICP Executive formed May 2020 Mid-Nottinghamshire ICP annual work plan Nottingham and Nottinghamshire Integrated Care System Board Continued engagement with ICP and ICS planning and governance arrangements Quarterly ICS performance review with NHSE Joint development of plans at ICS level Finance Directors Group ICS Planning Group Alignment of Trust, ICS and ICP plans through the joint forward plan Full alignment of organisational priorities with system planning Independent chair for ICP Approved implementation plan for establishing system risk arrangements ICS Provider Collaborative ICS System Oversight Group SFH Chief Executive is a member of the ICB as a partner member representing hospital and urgent & emergency care services (both formally established on 1st July 2022) New Place-based Partnership (PBP) leadership arrangements in place PBP priorities and work plan agreed for 2023/24 New PBP executive providing oversight and leadership Distributed Executive Group East Midlands Acute Providers (EMAP) Network - attendance at both the Chief Executive Forum and Executive Group 		A shadow provider collaborative executive team is due to meet in July and will be responsible for overseeing the work programme. This will provide a single responsible group with delivery accountability Distributed Executive Group has now met twice and is in place	Management: Strategic Partnerships Update to Board; mid-Nottinghamshire ICP delivery report to Finance Committee (as meeting schedule); Finance Committee report to Board; Nottingham and Nottinghamshire ICS Leadership Board Summary Briefing to Board; Planning Update to Board; East Midlands Acute Provider Collaborative report to Board Sep 23 Risk and compliance: Significant Risk Report to Risk Committee monthly Independent assurance: 360 Assurance review of SFH readiness to play a full part in the ICS – Significant Assurance		Positive Last changed May 2022
Clinical service strategies and/or commissioning intentions that do not sufficiently anticipate evolving healthcare needs of the local population and/or reduce health inequalities, which limits our ability to care for patients in the right place, at the right time	 Continued engagement with commissioners and ICS developments in clinical service strategies focused on prevention Partnership working at a more local level, including active participation in the mid-Nottinghamshire ICP ICS Clinical Services Strategy now complete ICS Health and Equality Strategy ICS Clinical Services workstreams are well established across elective and urgent care and SFH is represented and involved appropriately Clinical Directors and PCN Directors clinical partnership working A new health inequalities fund has been launched across the ICS targeting funding towards prevention activities 	The needs of the population will not be fully understood or aligned to our clinical services until the ICS Clinical Services Strategy is implemented	Refreshed ICS Clinical Services Strategy led by the ICB Medical Director SLT Lead: Medical Director Timescale: September 2023 Desktop analysis of service lines is under way in preparation for meetings with clinical teams	Management: Mid-Notts ICP Objectives Update to Board; Strategic Partnerships Update to Board; mid-Nottinghamshire ICP delivery report to FC (as meeting schedule); Finance Committee report to Board; Planning Update to Board Independent assurance: none currently in place		Positive Last changed October 2022



Principal risk (What could prevent	PR 7: Major disruptive in									1: To provide outstanding care in the best place at the	
us achieving this	A major incident resulting in tem	porary hospital clo	sure or a prolonge	ed disruption to	the continuity of co	ore services across		Strategic objective		right time	
strategic objective)	the Trust, which also impacts sig	e Trust, which also impacts significantly on the local health service community									
Lead	Risk	Risk rating	Current	Tolerable	Target	Risk type	Services	15 -			
committee	KISK	RISK Facilig	exposure	Tolerable	rarget	Kisk type	Services				
Lead director	Director of Corporate Affairs	Consequence	4. High	4. High	4. High	Risk appetite	Cautious	10 -			——Current risk level
Initial date of assessment	01/04/2018	Likelihood	3. Possible	3. Possible	1. Very unlikely			5 -	•••••	•••••	■ ■ Tolerable risk level
Last reviewed	13/10/2023	Risk rating	12. High	12. High	4. Low			0 -	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	Mar-23 Apr-23 Jun-23 Jul-23 Sep-23 Oct-23	••••• Target risk level
Last changed	13/10/2023								Nov Dec Jan	May Appr. Jun Jul. Sep.	

Strategic threat	Primary risk contro	lc		Gans in control	Plans to improve control	Sources of assurance (and date)	Gaps in assurance / actions to	Assurance
What might cause this to nappen)	(What controls/ systems & pr managing the risk and reduci	ocesses do we already have i		Gaps in control (Specific areas / issues where further work is required to manage the risk to accepted appetite/ tolerance level)	Plans to improve control (Are further controls possible in order to reduce risk exposure within tolerable range?)	(Evidence that the controls/ systems which we are placing reliance on are effective)	address gaps (Insufficient evidence as to effectiveness of the controls or negative assurance)	rating
Shut down of the IT network due to a larg scale cyber-attack or system failure that severely limits the availability of essentian formation for a prolonged period	 Cyber Security Prog Group and work pla Cyber news – circula High Severity Alerts Network accounts of disabled after 80 da Devices that have far patch checked after days Major incident plan Periodic phishing ex 	Strategy ramme Board & Cyber S n ated to all NHIS partner issued by NHS Digital hecked after 50 days of ys if not used iled to take the most re 21 days of inactivity — o in place ercises carried out by 3 email notifications circu	Security Project s inactivity – ecent security disabled after 28 60 Assurance ulated	Systems connected to the network are not all supported by the respective software suppliers, so are not receiving the latest security updates	Ensure all systems have support in place, or the cyber risk is assessed and appropriately mitigated SLT Lead: Chief Digital Information Officer Timescale: May 2023 November 2023	Management: Data Security and Protection Toolkit submission to Board Jul 22 Jul 23- compliant on 108/109 all 113 elements; Hygiene Report to Cyber Security Board bi-monthly; Cyber Security Assurance Highlight Report to Cyber Security Board bi-monthly; NHIS report to Risk Committee quarterly; IG Bi-annual report to Risk Committee; Cyber Security report to Risk Committee – increased levels of attack due to the war in Ukraine Mar 22 Risk and compliance: Independent assurance: ISO 27001 Information Security Management Certification Mar 23; TIAN / 360 Assurance Cyber Security Survey – The impact of Covid 19 on the NHS Dec 20; CCG Cyber Security Report Mar 21- Significant Assurance; 360 Assurance NHIS Governance and Interface audit Apr 21 – limited assurance; 360 Assurance Data Security and Protection Toolkit audit Jul 22 – Jun 23 – moderate assurance; IT Healthcheck – 2 of 9 elements failed (negative assurance); Cyber Essentials Plus accreditation Jan 22 Dec 22		Inconclusive Last change February 2023
A critical infrastructure failure caused by an interruption to the sure of one or more utilities (electricity, gas, water uncontrolled fire, floother climate change impact, security incides failure of the built environment that reneasing inficant proporticities estate inaccessible unserviceable, disruptice for a prolong period	 Estates Strategy 202 PFI Contract and Estanters Partners Fire Safety Strategy NHS Supply Chain researched arrangements at researched incident (e.g. indust disease; power failured CBRNe) Gold, Silver, Bronze 	ates Governance arrangesilience planning dness, Resilience & Resigional, Trust, division ares & plans for specific trial action; fuel shortagere; severe winter weath command structure for Emergency Planning & Committee (RAC) ove	ponse (EPRR) nd service levels types of major e; pandemic ner; evacuation; r major incidents security policies			Management: Central Nottinghamshire Hospitals plc monthly performance report; Fire Safety Annual Report; Water Safety Update Report to Risk Committee Jul 20; Patient Safety Concerns report to QC March 21; Hard and soft FM assurance reports Risk and compliance: Significant Risks Report to Risk Committee monthly Independent assurance: Premises Assurance Model to Executive Team Oct 22; EPRR Core standards compliance rating (Oct22) – Substantial Assurance; Water Safety report (WSP) to Joint Liaison Committee Oct 19; WSP report – hard FM independent audit; MEMD ISO 9001:2015 Recertification (3-year) Mar 21; British Standards Institute MEMD Assessment Report Feb 22		Positive Last change March 2023



Strategic threat (What might cause this to happen)	Primary risk controls (What controls/ systems & processes do we already have in place to assist us in managing the risk and reducing the likelihood/ impact of the threat)	Gaps in control (Specific areas / issues where further work is required to manage the risk to accepted appetite/ tolerance level)	Plans to improve control (Are further controls possible in order to reduce risk exposure within tolerable range?)	Sources of assurance (and date) (Evidence that the controls/ systems which we are placing reliance on are effective)	Gaps in assurance / actions to address gaps (Insufficient evidence as to effectiveness of the controls or negative assurance)	Assurance rating
Severe restriction of	Emergency Preparedness, Resilience & Response (EPRR)			Management: Industrial Action debrief report to		
service provision due to a	arrangements at regional, Trust, division and service levels			Executive Team Mar 23, and following each		
significant operational	 Operational strategies & plans for specific types of major 			subsequent period of industrial action		
incident or other external	incident (e.g. industrial action; fuel shortage; pandemic					Positive
factor	disease; power failure; severe winter weather; evacuation;			Independent assurance: EPRR Core standards		
	CBRNe)			compliance rating (Oct22) – Substantial Assurance		New threat
	Gold, Silver, Bronze command structure for major incidents					added May
	 Business Continuity, Emergency Planning & security policies 					2023
	 Resilience Assurance Committee (RAC) oversight of EPRR 					
	Major incident plan in place					
	 Industrial Action Group 					



Principal risk (What could prevent us achieving this strategic objective)	PR 8: Failure to deliver sustainable reductions in the Trust's impact on climate change The vision to further embed sustainability into the organisation's strategies, policies and reporting processes by engaging stakeholders and assigning responsibility for delivering the actions within our Green Plan may not be achieved or achievable							Strategic objective	2: Improve health and wellbeing	within our communities
Lead committee	Finance	Risk rating	Current exposure	Tolerable	Target	Risk type	Reputation / regulatory action	10 8		
Lead director	Chief Financial Officer	Consequence	3. Moderate	3. Moderate	3. Moderate	Risk appetite	Cautious	6		Current risk level
Initial date of assessment	22/11/2021	Likelihood	3. Possible	3. Possible	2. Unlikely			4 2		Tolerable risk level
Last reviewed	31/10/2023	Risk rating	9. Medium	9. Medium	6. Low			0 23 23 23 33 33 33 33 3	.23 .23 .23 .23 .23	••••• Target risk level
Last changed	25/07/2023							Nov. Dec. Jan-	Mar-23 Apr-23 Jun-23 Jul-23 Aug-23 Sep-23 Oct-23	

Strategic threat (What might cause this to happen)	Primary risk controls (What controls/ systems & processes do we already have in place to assist us in managing the risk and reducing the likelihood/ impact of the threat)	Gaps in control (Specific areas / issues where further work is required to manage the risk to accepted appetite/ tolerance level)	Plans to improve control (Are further controls possible in order to reduce risk exposure within tolerable range?)	Sources of assurance (and date) (Evidence that the controls/ systems which we are placing reliance on are effective)	Gaps in assurance / actions to address gaps (Insufficient evidence as to effectiveness of the controls or negative assurance)	Assurance rating
Failure to take all the actions required to embed sustainability and reduce the impact of climate change on our community	 Estates & Facilities Department oversee the plan and education on climate change impacts Green Plan 2021-2026 Climate Action Project Group Sustainability Development Strategy Group Engagement and awareness campaigns (internal/external stakeholders) Estates Strategy Digital Strategy Capital Planning sustainability impact assessments Environmental Sustainability Impact Assessments built into the Project Implementation Documentation process Engagement with the wider NHS sustainability sector for best practice, guidance and support Process in place for gathering and reporting statistical data Adoption of NHS Net Zero building standard 2023 for all works from October 2023 Awareness to, and applications for, funding sources both internally and externally such as the Public Sector Decarbonisation Scheme and grants from Salix Ltd 	Education of Board and staff at all levels Dedicated capacity to implement ideas for change	Training of the Board, decision makers and all staff at an appropriate level to increase awareness and understanding of sustainable healthcare Progress: Training package developed with Notts Healthcare Trust – awaiting ratification and training dates Lead: Associate Director of Estates and Facilities Timescale: December 2023 Proposal to ICB partners for collaborative approach and resource Progress: At the ICB Estates Group in March 2023 a common approach to system wide sustainability reporting and resourcing was suggested and will be reflected in revised ToR. Update on progress sought from the ICB Lead: Chief Financial Officer Timescale: December 2023	Management: Sustainability update report to TMT Oct 22; Green updates provided routinely to Finance Committee Risk and compliance: Green Plan to Board Apr 21; Sustainability Report included in the Trust Annual Report Independent assurance: ERIC returns and benchmarking feedback		Positive Last changed November 2022