



Data Protection Impact Assessment

Title	Ref number
Fairwarning SAS Migration (Imprivata)	



Introduction

A Data Protection Impact Assessment enables Sherwood Forest Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust (SFHFT) to meet its legal/compliance obligations with the Data Protection Act 2018 and the General Data Protection Regulation 2016.

The Data Protection Impact Assessment (DPIA) ensures the confidentiality, integrity and availability of information by applying a risk management process and gives confidence to interested parties that risks are adequately managed, as required under ISO/IEC: 27001:2017. It is important that the DPIA is part of and integrated with the organisation's processes and overall management structure and that information security is considered in the design of processes, information systems, and controls. The process identifies and allows issues to be mitigated at an early stage of implementation/change thereby reducing associated costs and damage to reputation. Data Protection Impact Assessment are an integral part of the "privacy by design" approach as identified by the Information Commissioner's Office.

Document Completion

A DPIA must be completed wherever there is a change to an existing process or service or if a new process or information asset is introduced that is likely to involve a new use or significantly changes the way in which personal data, special categories of personal data or business critical information is processed.

This document, and the privacy risks, actions and recommendations identified within it, will be accepted in the Project Sign Off (page 3). The project will need to signed off by the Information Asset Owner, Information Governance/Data Protection Officer and a customer representative (if applicable) and through the appropriate governance structure of the implementing organisation. Sign off and acceptance of the document does not close the privacy risks related to this project. It is important that the risks are revisited during the life of the project and any additional privacy risks identified are appropriately reviewed and mitigated.

PLEASE NOTE:

The Information Asset Owner (implementer) undertaking the Data Protection Impact Assessment has a responsibility to ensure that Patient Safety, Technical Security and Quality Impact Assessments are considered, in line with the Trust procedures.

Assessment Process Stages

Activity	IAO	Governance
Complete Title Bar and include Ref Number	X	X
Complete Project Details and check the Initial Screening Questions	Х	х





Complete Stage 1 – Introductory meeting and review	Х	Х
Initial Screening Questions and follow up questions to		
determine if a Stage 2 – DPIA (Full) is to be undertaken		
Initial Screening Questions to be formally written up and	Х	Х
Introductory Meeting to be formally recorded		

If a Data Protection Impact Assessment IS NOT required			
Activity	IAO	Governance	
Complete Assessment Summary & Recommendations for Action	Х	Х	
Assessment to be passed to Implementer		Х	
Ensure Sign Off is completed	Х	Х	
Assessment shared with customer if appropriate	Х		
Assessment to be kept with project documentation copy to Information Governance	Х		

OR

If a Data Protection Impact Assessment IS required			
Activity	IAO/IAA	Governance	
When a new system is being implemented and the	X		
supplier provides a completed DPIA on a suppliers			
template, the information will need to be transferred to			
the Trust's template to ensure there are no omissions			
Complete Stage 2 – Data Protection Impact Assessment (Full)	X		
Complete Stage - 3 Identified Risks and Mitigating	Х		
Action			
Complete Stage – 4 Legal Compliance		X	
Complete Assessment Summary & Recommendations	X		
for Action			
Account access management Standard Operating	X		
Procedure to be completed prior to the implementation			
of the project			
Closure meeting for final agreement	X		
Ensure Sign Off is completed		Х	
Assessment shared with customer if appropriate	Х		
Assessment to be kept with project documentation copy to Information Governance	Х		

This document is intended to be completed by the Trust and external organisations the *Governance* section will be completed by the IG Team with support from the relevant NHIS specialist teams as applicable.





Project Details

Project Title:	Fairwarning SAS Migration
-	

Project Description: Describe in sufficient detail for the proposal to be understood

FairWarning is a software solution which was purchased in 2015 to support the Information Governance requirements to conduct 'active' monitoring of users access to electronic systems containing sensitive personal information. FairWarning uses a number of parameters to identify potential inappropriate access, for example, access to patient records of an individual who is not currently receiving treatment e.g. deceased patient records, and/or access to a patient record of a user with the same surname.

The current version of Fairwarning is has now become outdated/out of warranty hardware which poses the risk of failure and could lead to loss of data. The proposal is to move to a SAAS (cloud environment). This would mean the Trust is on the most up to date version all the time which would eliminate all immediate and future costs of hardware (internal and external).

With the move to a more digital records environment for the Trust this poses a greater risk for inappropriate access to records. Therefore the update will also include the move to adding the Nervecentre feed and ESR feed, which will enrich the current results.

Overview of the proposal: What the project aims to achieve

.Implementation of the product includes the below benefits

- Reduced risk of fines from the ICO
- Reduced number of information breaches
- Improved corporate reputation
- Improved compliance with the CQC, IG Toolkit and Care Record Guarantee
- Enhance application performance for end-users and support future releases of AI and Machine Learning advancements – always on the most up to date version
- Immediate storage solution (4TB) and flexible options for on-demand scal
- Improved application services support and automated data deliveries





- Eliminate single end-point/point of failure
- Multiple backups for increased disaster recovery managed by Imprivata FairWarning
- More predictability & efficiency for all resources (time, upgrades, budgets)

The need to review the previous DPIA arises as we move to a new product environment and security changes.

- the need for constant monitoring of staff who access records within the Orion system and the production of reports based on the audit trails and the parameters set out above
- more staff having routine access to audit information rather than on an ad-hoc basis in response to a reported incident
- the good practice of assessing all projects via DPIA

Remaining on the old version of Fairwarning means that being out of compliance can cost significantly more to recover data and repair the hardware thant the total of the SaaS conversion.

Implementing Organisation:	Sherwood Forest Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust
Staff involved in DPIA assessment (name and job title):	Jacquie Widdowson, IG Manager/DPO

Project Sign Off

	Name	Job Title	Organisation	Date
Information Asset Owner	Jacquie Widdowson	IG Manager/DPO	Sherwood Forest Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust	
Data Protection Officer	Jacquie Widdowson	Information Governance Manager/DPO	Sherwood Forest Hospitals	



			NHS Foundation Trust	
Information Governance	Jacquie Widdowson	Information Governance Manager/DPO	Sherwood Forest Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust	1/06/2023
Senior Information Risk Owner	Sally Brook- Shanahan	Director of Corporate Affairs	Sherwood Forest Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust	
Caldicott Guardian	David Selwyn	Medical Director	Sherwood Forest Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust	
Chief Digital Information Officer	Richard Walker	Chief Digital Information Officer	Sherwood Forest Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust	

Assessment Summary

To be completed by Information Governance

Outcome of Data Protection Impact Assessment:			
Project/Implementation is recommended NOT to proceed, as significant corporate/customer risks have been identified.			
2. Project/Implementation to proceed once identified risks have been mitigated as agreed.			
3. Project/Implementation has met required legislative compliance and poses not significant risks. No further action required.			

Summary of Data Protection Impact Assessment; including legislative compliance and identified risks:



Summary:

Legislative Compliance:

Article 6(1)(e) processing is necessary for the performance of a task carried out in the public interest or in the exercise of official authority vested in the controller.

Article 9(2)(h) allows processing for the provision of healthcare (direct care) or the management of healthcare systems (invoice validation, commissioner reporting, quality audits – essentially, mandated activity)

Article 9(2)(i) allows processing for "ensuring high standards of quality and safety of health care." – which would cover research, audit, service improvement and addressing public health/inequalities

Summary of Risks:

Cyber security, loss of data, inappropriate access to data, inability to access data and Information Asset Management.

Risks

- 1. Loss of system access/data Full system back-up process in place
- 2. Leavers' access not removed xx system team notified of leavers by HR. Changes to user roles reviewed monthly via a Trust e-form report
- 3. Business continuity plans in each area, users have business continuity plans for their areas/departments. Not having these could lead to access to data problems or service delivery problems.
- 4. Fairwarning will need to be added to the divisional information asset register and the data flows mapped and recorded as part of the annual IAO returns to the SIRO
- 5. Data is accessed inappropriately individual username and passwords are provided. There is a risk of unauthorised access due to the system being unable to report on users that have accessed individual patient records.





Recommendations for Action

Summary of Identified Recommendations:				
Recommendations:	Recommendation Owner:	Agreed Deadline for action:		
Account management Standard Operating Procedure generated and implemented, routine audit to take place	IAA	TBC – once project has been agreed		
Commence staff awareness campaign	IAA	Already implemented, quarterly staff Bulletin		
Staff to undertake annual IG Training	IAA	All staff annually		
Staff who will use the system to undertake Fairwarning training	IAA	TBC – once project has been agreed		





Stage 1 - Initial Screening Questions

Answering "**Yes**" to a screening questions below represents a potential IG risk factor that may have to be further analysed to ensure those risks are identified, assessed and fully mitigated. The decision to undertake a full DPIA will be undertaken on a case-by-case basis by IG.

Q	Screening question	Y/N	Justification for response
1	Will the project involve processing of information about individuals	Y	Principle 6 – Appropriate security, including protection against unauthorised or unlawful processing and against accidental loss, destruction or damage
2	Will the project compel individuals to provide information about themselves?	N	Principle 6 – Appropriate security, including protection against unauthorised or unlawful processing and against accidental loss, destruction or damage
3	Will information about individuals be disclosed to organisations or people who have not previously had routine access to the information?	N	Principle 6 – Appropriate security, including protection against unauthorised or unlawful processing and against accidental loss, destruction or damage
4	Are you using information about individuals for a purpose it is not currently used for, or in a way it is not currently used?	N	Principle 6 – Appropriate security, including protection against unauthorised or unlawful processing and against accidental loss, destruction or damage
5	Are there processes in place to ensure data is relevant, accurate and up-to-date?	Y	The information within Active Directory needs to be accurate and up to date in order for reports to be correct and meaningful.

Q	Screening question	Y/N	Justification for response
6	Are there security arrangements in place while the information is held?	Υ	
7	Does the project involve using new technology being introduced?	Υ	Fairwarning is already in place within the organisation. This is moving the system to a SaaS environment
8	Will the project result in you making decisions or taking action against individuals in ways which could have a significant impact on them?	Y	Potentially disciplinary for staff member who accesses information inappropriately.
9	Does the project include any of the following and a description if answered 'Y')	activiti	ies? (Mark all that apply
9.1	Evaluation or scoring - including profiling, predicting and transactional monitoring techniques. For example, a biotechnology company offering genetic tests directly to consumers in order to assess and predict the disease/health risks; a new system that might be susceptible to fraud or abuse, and if so whether it ensures that the system has the capability for transactional level monitoring so you can audit the transactions if needed as part of an investigation.	N	N/A
9.2	Automated decision making with legal or similar significant effect - processing that aims at taking decisions on individuals without human intervention. For example, the processing may lead to the exclusion or discrimination against individuals.	N	N/A
9.3	Systematic monitoring of individuals* (e.g. CCTV, body camera's, health data through wearable devices) processing used to observe, monitor or control individuals. For example, monitoring of the employees' work station, internet activity, etc.	Y	Monitoring staff who have inapprpriatley accessed a patients medical records. Principle 6 — Appropriate security, including protection against unauthorised or unlawful processing and against accidental loss, destruction or damage

Q	Screening question	Y/N	Justification for response
9.4	Matching or combining datasets - for example originating from two or more data processing operations performed for different purposes and/or by different data controllers in a way that would exceed the reasonable expectations of the data subject	N	N/A
9.5	Data concerning vulnerable individuals - individuals may be unable to easily consent to, or oppose, the processing of their data, or exercise their rights. Vulnerable individuals may include children, employees, more vulnerable segments of the population requiring special protection (mentally ill persons, asylum seekers, or the elderly, patients, etc.).	N	Principle 6 – Appropriate security, including protection against unauthorised or unlawful processing and against accidental loss, destruction or damage
9.6	Innovative use or applying new technological or organisational solutions - combining the use of finger print and face recognition for improved physical access control. Implementation of a new technology, system or business process or collection of new information	Z	Principle 6 – Appropriate security, including protection against unauthorised or unlawful processing and against accidental loss, destruction or damage Information is already collected, just moving to a new environment
9.7	Offer online services directly to children	N	N/A
9.8	Storing or transferring data outside the EU (e.g. cloud computing, accessing data outside the EU, use of an American transcribe company)	N	N/A
9.9	Direct marketing (e.g. newsletters, postcards, telemarking, e-mail subscriptions)	N	N/A
_	ou have answered "Yes" to any of the quest ceed and complete stage 2.	tions	numbered 1-9 please
10	Is a Patient Safety Review required? DCB0129: Clinical Risk Management: its Application in the Manufacture of Health IT Systems - NHS Digital	N	N/A





	Q	Screening question	Y/N	Justification for response
1	11	Is a Quality Impact/Technical Security Review required?	Y	

Please ensure that on completion this is returned to Information Governance lead to agree how to proceed.





Stage 2 – Data Protection Impact Assessment

2.1	What is the change									
	New purpose?		Revised/changed?		Other?					
	If Other please specif	у.								
2.2.1	What data will be pr	ocess	sed?							
	Personal Data:	Personal Data:								
	Forename		Surname	X	Age					
	DOB	X	Gender		Address	X				
	Post Code	X	NHS No	X	Hospital No	X				
	Other unique identifier (please specify)									
	Sensitive Personal Data (special categories):									
	Children									
	Vulnerable groups									
	Racial or ethnic orig	in								
	Political opinion									
	Religious Belief									
	Trade Union Membe	ership								
	Physical or mental health or condition									
	Sexual Health	Sexual Health								
	Criminal offence dat	a								
	Other data (please s	Other data (please specify)								



2.2.2	ls th	Is the data?							
	Iden	Identifiable?		Pseudonymised?		Anonymised?			
	pset be re	If the data is pseudonymised please describe the technical controls in place ie pseudonymised data provided to a third party and the 'key' for re-identification to be retained by the Trust. Also describe how the data will be transferred ie using HL7							
	Tran	Data will be sent using HL7. SSL (Security Socket Layer) and HTTPS (Hypertext Transfer Protocol over Secure Socket Layer) are used in the encrypted transmission of data.							
2.3	Is the	data required to	nerfo	rm the specified task?					
2.0	Y/N	Please justify re	•	•					
	Υ Υ		napp	ropriate access to med	dical r	ecords and investigate a	all		
				including protection agnst accidental loss, des	_	t unauthorised or unlawf on or damage	[:] ul		
2.3.1	How	will you collect,	use, s	store and delete data?					
	The	data will be colle	cted	by Fairwarnig from Tru	ıst sy	stems			
		will be stored in				Code of Dractice			
	Data	i wiii be deleted i	n iine	with Records Manage	emeni	. Code of Practice			
2.3.2	. Wha	at is the source of	the o	data? (i.e. from data s	ubjec	t, system or other third p	party)		
	The	source of the da	ta will	be from the system.					
2.3.3	How	much data will y	ou be	e collecting and using?	,				
	Usin	Using ESR, ORION and Nervencentre data in the first instance							
2.3.4	How	often? (for exam	nple,	monthly, weekly)					
		Daily report received from Fairwarning to indicate who has inapprpropritely accessed records.							





2.3.5	How long will you keep it? https://www.sfh-tr.nhs.uk/media/12002/isp-101-records-management-code-of-practice-2021.pdf
	In line with the records management code of practice
2.3.6	Where will the data be stored? i.e., CareFlow, Shared Drive, offsite storage AWS Secure Data Centre
2.3.7	How many individuals are affected?
	The number of affected individuals is around 4,500, could be more
2.3.8	What geographical area does it cover?
	Mansfield, Ashfield, Newark and Sherwood patients. Derbyshire patients

2.4	Who are the Organisations involved in processing (sharing) the data?					
	Organisations Name	Data Controller or Data Processor				
		The Data Controller is a person who (either alone or jointly or in common with other persons) determines the purposes for which and the manner in which any personal data are, or are to be, processed.				
		The Data Processor , in relation to personal data, means any person (other than an employee of the data controller) who processes the data on behalf of the data controller.				
	Sherwood Forest Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust	Data Controller				
	Imprivita	Data Processor				

2.5	If we have identified a supplier in 2.4, the following questions for 2.5 will need to be answered by the supplier and the Trust							
	Y/N	If yes the third party will need to complete the following assessment. This will need to be provided in addition to the completion of this proforma. An example of a completed assessment is also provided below						



		Supplier Assurance Framework TEMPLATI NHIS have reviet low risk.	Supplier Assurance Framework - Example wed the attachn	Cloud Assessment.xlsx	sessed as		
2.5.1	Please de	scribe access and controls in place					
		access management Standard Operating Procedure to be d prior to the implementation of the project					
	Fairwarning retain a secure record of the data in the Cloud and the data is only accessible to the individual and the organisations/individuals the patient wishes to share with. In order to ensure the confidentiality of patients' data, Fairwarnign have taken the following measures: 1. Fairwarnign is accessed by using AD credentials. 2. Different types of users have different access levels.						
2.5.2	Please pro	ovide a copy of th	e contract in pla	ce			
	Available	on request					
2.5.3	Have arrangements for retention and destruction been included in the contract when the service/contract expires? To be returned to SFH						
2.5.4	Is the supplier registered with the ICO? Please check the <u>register</u>		ith the ICO?	Yes	No		
2.5.5				Yes	No		





	• •	Has the supplier received ICO Enforcement? Please check the <u>register</u>					N	
2.5.6		received ICO Decision check the register			Yes		No	
	Notice: Flease (SHECK	heck the <u>register</u>				N	
2.5.7	Has the supplier Please check the				Yes		No	
	T TOUGH STREET	<u>rogio</u>	<u></u>	T			N	
2.5.8	Has the supplier completed a	Com Yes/	pleted: No	Date su	Date submitted		Standard Met/Not Met	
	Data Security and Protection Toolkit, please check the register and provide the following details	Y						
2.5.9	standards? If YE	an the supplier demonstrate compliance with any of the following andards? If YES please provide further information e.g. date chieved and a copy of the certificates						
		Yes			No			
	Cyber Essentials	Y						
	ISO 15489 Records Management				N			
	ISO 27001 Information Secu Standards	Y						
	ISO 9001 Quality Management Systems				N			
2.5.10		he data held outside of the UK ie Europe ase include the country			e, USA, Ir	elan	d? If yes	
	Yes	Yes		No				
		N						
	_	If yes we need to seek assurance that the data will continue to flow post Brexit 31.12.2020, provide further detail below from the supplier						





	Not applicable								
2.6		Will this in above?	formation be	formation be shared outside the organisations listed					
	Y/N			if answered Yes please describe organisation/s and geographic location					
		N							
2.7	Does	the work in	volve employ	ing cont	tractor	s external to the	Organisation?		
	Y/N		If Yes , provi	ide a cor	by of th	ne confidentiality	agreement or		
	N								
2.8	Has a	a data flow	mapping exe	rcise bee	en unc	lertaken?			
	Y/N		If Yes , please provide a copy here. If No, please explain why						
	been		our departme			are identified with on flow map and a			
	Y th	e system h	as been adde	ed to the	IG da	ta flow map and I	AR		
2.9	What	format is th	ne data?						
	Electi	ronic	X	Paper		Other (Please describe)	Click here to enter text.		
2.10		Is there a	n ability to au	dit acces	ss to th	ne information?			
		Y/N	Please describe if answered Yes. If NO what contingencies are in place to prevent misuse?						
	Y Audit trails are available to see who has accessed the information					cessed the			
2.11		_			-	rsonal data held in cantly changed?	n other		
	Y/N		Please desc	cribe if a	nswer	ed Yes			





	N						
2.12	and comple	How will the information be kept up to date and checked for accuracy and completeness? (data quality)					
	How will you	u ensure data minimisation?					
	discrepanci	arters and leavers will be added/disabled as and when. Any es are investigated. Staff are encouraged to update there ails on ESR.					
	Data quality exercises are undertaken by the Trust to ensure accurate data from patients.						
	_	Only data that is required to perform the task is needed and no excessive data is collated.					
2.13	Who will have access to the information? (list individuals or staff groups)						
	Members of the Information Governance Team will have access Fairwarning product.						
		ers of staff who have inappropriately accessed information, eir details forwarded to the relevant line manager and HR.					
2.14.1	What securi	ty measures have been implemented to secure access?					
	Active Direc	ctory (Window's username and password)	X				
	Username a	and password					
	Smartcard						
	Key locked	filing cabinet/room					
	Hard/soft To	oken (VPN) Access					
	Restricted A	Access to Network Files (shared drive)					
	Has informa	ation been anonymised?					
	Has informa	ation been pseudonymised?					
	Is information	on fully identifiable?	X				





	Other (provide detail below)											
2.14.2	What physical security measures have been implemented to secure access? ie swipe cards, digilock											
	Physical access to the server rooms and remote access to the servers is restricted to those who require access to perform their duties.											
2.15	Will the data be stored on Trust serv	ers	5									
	Yes No											
		Ν										
2.16	Please state by which method the information will be transferred?											
	Email (not NHS.net)			NHS.net								
	Website Access (internet or intranet))	X	Wireless Network (Wi-Fi)								
	Secure Courier			Staff delivered by hand								
	Post (internal)			Post (external)								
	Telephone			SMS								
	Other			please specify below								
SSL (Security Socket Layer) and HTTPS (Hypertext Transfer Protocover Secure Socket Layer) are used in the encrypted transmission of data. In order to ensure that data are accessed as expected, we have taken the following measures:												
	1. A firewall is used to filter malicious	s a	ccess.									
	2. Intrusion detection is used to dete	cts	system anom	alies.								
	3. Malicious Code Protection is used committed data.	l to	perform sec	urity check	s on all							





2.17			recovery and business contingency plans? What types of backups are undertaken ital?	•						
		Y/N	Please describe if answered Yes. Please state why not if response is No.							
		Y	Once the system is back up and running business will commence as usual with time and resource allocated to any backlog created. The system is not an essential clinical service.							
2.18			ng been proposed or undertaken and did the number ind security topics areas?	nis include						
	Υ/	N	Please describe if answered Yes							
			All employees at the Trust have received Training, which includes elements of the							
			Trust employees will receive training on how to use the Fairwarning system.							
2.19	١	Will reports be	e produced?							
		•	ontain personal/sensitive personal or Y fidential information?							
	\	Who will be a	ble to run reports?	Members of the IG Team						
Who will rece published?			ive the reports and will they be	IG Team will receive the reports and will publish figures to the IG Committee and associated meetings. No PID will be shared within the reports.						
2.20			ed function should stop, are there plans in will be retained / archived/ transferred o	•						





	Y/I	N	Please describe if answered Yes. Please state why not if response is No.								
	Υ		Return to SFH								
2.21	I	Is consent r	required for processing of personal data?								
		Y/N	Please describe if answered Yes								
		N									
			If No , list the reason for not gaining consent e.g. relying on an existing agreement, consent is implied, the project has s251 approval or other legal basis?								
		N	UK GDPR 6(1)(c) processing is necessary for compliance with a legal obligation to which the controller is subjectUK GDPR 6(1)(e) public interest or public duty								
			To prevent breach of principle 6 of the DPA								
2.22		III individuals rsonal data?	be informed about the proposed uses and share of their								
	Y/I	N	Please describe if answered Yes. Please state why not if response is No.								
	Y		The right to be informed - Transparency information and materials on the virtual ward will be available to people when they are admitted to the ward. This information will also be available on all participating organisations' websites. The Trust's privacy notice is here https://www.sfh-tr.nhs.uk/for-patients-visitors/your-medical-record/								
			The right to object - People can object to their information being used for any purpose, and these objections will be considered on a case-by-case basis.								
2.23		there a proce fuses/remove	ess in place to remove personal data if data subject es consent								





	Y/N	Please describe if answered Yes. Please state why not if response is No.							
	N	The right to restrict processing - People can request the use of their data to be restricted in certain circumstances. These will be considered on a case-by-case basis.							
		The right to data portability - Not applicable in this circumstance as the legal bases for processing the data are neither consent nor for the performance of a contract.							
		The right to object - People can object to their information being used for any purpose, and these objections will be considered on a case-by-case basis.							
2.24	How much cont in this way?	rol will they have? Would they expect you to use their data							
	Y/N	Please describe if answered Yes. Please state why not if response is No.							
	Y	Patients and staff would expect staff to monitor their privacy and any inappropriate access identified acted upon.							
2.25	Are arrangement access to person	nts in place for recognising and responding to requests for onal data?							
	Y/N	Please describe if answered Yes. Please state why not if response is No.							
	Y	The Trust has a policy and procedure for responding to subject access requests. Further information for patients on how to access their records is here: Sherwood Forest Hospitals (sfh-tr.nhs.uk)							
2.26	Who are the Information Asset Owner(s) and Administrator(s)?								
	IAO	IG Manager/ DPO							
	IAA	IG Team							



	System Administrat	ors	IG Team									
2.27	How is the number	data	secured in transit and at rest? Eg encryption, port control									
	The data is transmitted via HL7 and encrypted both in transit and at rest. HL7 - Health Level Seven® International (HL7®) is the global authority on standards for interoperability of health technology and is the global industry standard for passing healthcare data between systems.											
	Or											
	In order to maintain data integrity and security, we use SSL (Secure Socket Layer) server certificate to secure its diabetes management portal: to provide encryption for the data being transferred between the server, the patient and clinician. This helps to prevent eavesdropping attacks on the data and third-party accessing to the data.											
2.28	Has the impact to other NHIS systems/processes been considered and appropriate SBU's consulted and in particular technical security?											
		Plea ansv DCB	se describe if answered Yes. se state what checks were undertaken if response is vered No. 0129: Clinical Risk Management: its Application in the									
		<u>Man</u>	ufacture of Health IT Systems - NHS Digital									
		both	tient safety case and supplier assurance framework have been reviewed by NHIS. No risks or recommendations tified.									
2.29	Are there a	ny c	urrent issues of public concern that you should factor in?									
	Y/N		Please describe if answered Yes.									
	N		Non indentified									
2.30	•		ant to achieve? What is the intended effect on individuals? enefits of the processing – for you, and more broadly?									
	Implementation will mean: Reduced risk of fines from the ICO Reduced number of information breaches											



- Improved corporate reputation
- Improved compliance with the CQC, DSP Toolkit and Care Record Guarantee
- Assurance that adhering to principle 6 of the DPA is appropriate, Appropriate security, including protection against unauthorised or unlawful processing and against accidental loss, destruction or damage

2.31 Consider how to consult with relevant stakeholders:

- Describe when and how you will seek individuals' views or justify why it's not appropriate to do so.
- Who else do you need to involve within your organisation?
- Do you need to ask your processors to assist?

IG Manager/ DPO presented this document to the Information Governance working group for consultation.

Sign off will be obtained from SIRO, Caldicott and CDIO

2.32 What is your lawful basis for processing? (please see <u>Appendix 10</u> Information Sharing Protocol for further information). **Consent is usually the last basis to rely on**

Legal basis: patients

Personal data i.e. name, address

6(1)(a) the patient has given consent

6(1)(c) necessary for legal obligations

6(1)(e) public interest or public duty

6(3) the above supported by Member State law (UK legislation as applicable to circumstances)

Sensitive personal data (special category)

9(2)(a) the patient has given explicit consent



9(2)(c) processing for 'vital interests' (safety, safeguarding, public safety, etc.)

9(2)(h) allows processing for the provision of healthcare (direct care) or the management of healthcare systems (invoice validation, commissioner reporting, quality audits – essentially, mandated activity).

9(2)(i) allows processing for "ensuring high standards of quality and safety of health care." – which would cover research, audit, service improvement and addressing public health/inequalities.

9(2)(j) (together with Article 89 and relevant recitals) relates to archiving, statistical analysis and research.

Legal basis: staff – please review <u>Appendix 10</u> Information Sharing Protocol for further information).

The Trust's lawful basis for processing personal and special categories of personal data are:

- 1. UK GDPR 6(1)(e) processing is necessary for the performance of a task carried out in the public interest or in the exercise of official authority vested in the controller.
- 2. UK GDPR 9(2)(g) processing is necessary for reasons of substantial public interest, on the basis of Union or Member State law which shall be proportionate to the aim pursued, respect the essence of the right to data protection and provide for suitable and specific measures to safeguard the fundamental rights and the interests of the data subject
- 3. 6(1)(c) necessary for legal obligations

Supplier

- 1. UK GDPR 6(1)(e) processing is necessary for the performance of a task carried out in the public interest or in the exercise of official authority vested in the controller.
- What information will you give individuals about the processing? (This information will be added to the Trust's Patient Privacy Notice and Staff Privacy Notice by the Information Governance Team)

This DPIA will be published once finalised. The Trust's privacy notice has been updated. .





Communication campaign for staff to inform the system is in place and will be monitoring in appropriate access. This will be communicated several times a year for the life time of the project.

2.34 What measures do you take to ensure processors comply?

The Trust is not aware of any sub processors involved in this project, for which it is responsible for ensuring compliance

The Trust and Fairwarning have a contract in place and this will be reviewed on a regular basis.

Relevant certifications will be requested on an annual basis to review compliance.

2.35 How will you prevent function creep? Manage lifecycle of system/process

Fairwarning will only ever process the Trust's data as per explicit agreement with the Trust

From a lifecycle management point of view a report to SIRO will be undertaken annually, this will provide an update on the phases of implementation, operationally and termination

Any new interations of the system will be included in the report to SIRO and the DPIA will be reviewed.

Stage - 3 Risk Template

For advice on completing this Risk Template please contact the Risk & Assurance Manager on x6326

Completed by:	Role:	Date completed:

Risk description What event could	Primary controls	Current risk				Acceptable risk			Mitigating actions
happen which would impact on the activity? What would cause it to happen? What would the consequence be?	What is in place now to prevent the risk from occurring or to act as a contingency if it does occur?	Consequence	Likelihood	Rating (C x L)	If the risk is not controlled to an acceptable level, what are the issues that need to be addressed?	Consequence	Likelihood	Rating (C x L)	required What needs to be done to reduce the risk to an acceptable level?
Privacy & Security Risk Loss of system This could result in the service being disrupted or unavailable. The consequences of this could befinancial penalties and reputational damage to the Trust	Full system back-up processes Manual input, business continuity plan to be used	2	2	4	No gaps in control identified	2	2	4	

Risk description What event could	Primary controls What is in place now to prevent the risk from occurring or to act as a contingency if it does occur?		Current risk		Gaps in control		epta	ble	Mitigating actions
happen which would impact on the activity? What would cause it to happen? What would the consequence be?			Likelihood	Rating (C x L)	If the risk is not controlled to an acceptable level, what are the issues that need to be addressed?		Likelihood	Rating (C x L)	required What needs to be done to reduce the risk to an acceptable level?
Privacy & Security Risk The system or service may not be able to operate due to system downtime or unavailability. Business continuity plans are not in place or available in each area. Which could lead to loss or access to data Risk to individuals No monitoring of inappropriate access unable to identify breach	The system is not a clinical application therefore, downtime for several weeks could be tolerated. Audits to be undertaken manually	2	2	4	Business continuity plan needs to be in put in place.	2 2	1	2	Develop a Business continuity plan reviewed annually.
Privacy & Security Risk Data is lost during the migration from old system to new system	Following migration of data the IG team will conduct a review of a selection of records to ensure the integrity of data transferred	3	2	6	Work would need to be undertaken with supplier to establish why the data did not migrate accurately and what actions can be taken to rectify	3	1	3	IG team to review records transferred to confirm integrity

Risk description What event could	Primary controls		rent	risk	Gaps in control	Acceptable risk			Mitigating actions
happen which would impact on the activity? What would cause it to happen? What would the consequence be?	What is in place now to prevent the risk from occurring or to act as a contingency if it does occur?	Consequence	Likelihood	Rating (C x L)	If the risk is not controlled to an acceptable level, what are the issues that need to be addressed?	Consequence	Likelihood	Rating (C x L)	required What needs to be done to reduce the risk to an acceptable level?
Integrity of data is compromised Which could lead to loss of data									
Risk to individuals									
Not able to identify inappropriate access. Reputantional damage and accusing wrong individual.									
Privacy & Security Risk	Current Fairwarning solution in place	2	2	4	No gaps in control currently identified	2	1	2	Awareness campaign notifying staff of
Constant monitoring of staff who access records within the Orion/ Nervecentre system and the production of reports based on the audit trails and the	Staff are currently notified that the use of Fairwarning is in place Staff attend IG training on an annual basis Part of terms and conditions of amplement								its use to be reviewed and dessiminated. This will include reminder of staff responsibilities in relation to maintaining
parameters set out above	employment								confidentiality

Risk description What event could	Primary controls What is in place now to prevent the risk from occurring or to act as a contingency if it does occur?		rent	risk		Acceptable risk			Mitigating actions
happen which would impact on the activity? What would cause it to happen? What would the consequence be?			Likelihood	Rating (C x L)	If the risk is not controlled to an acceptable level, what are the issues that need to be addressed?	Consequence	Likelihood	Rating (C x L)	required What needs to be done to reduce the risk to an acceptable level?
Risk to individuals User information will be made available on a proactive basis rather than reactive. Staff may not be aware of their responsibilities in relation to accessing sensitive personal information and therefore may breach confidentiality	Contained in Trust Privacy Notice				No gaps identified				Privacy notice to be reviewed and ensure this references the use of Fairwarning.
Privacy & Security Risk More staff having routine access to audit information rather than on an ad-hoc basis in	Delegated staff who currently use the system are trained and understand the reports.	1	1	2	No gaps identified	1	1	2	All delegated staff will be trained on how to use the system and understand the reports produced

Risk description What event could	Primary controls	Cur	rent	risk	Gaps in control		epta	ble	Mitigating actions
happen which would impact on the activity? What would cause it to happen? What would the consequence be?	What is in place now to prevent the risk from occurring or to act as a contingency if it does occur?		Likelihood	Rating (C x L)	If the risk is not controlled to an acceptable level, what are the issues that need to be addressed?	Consequence	Likelihood	Rating (C x L)	required What needs to be done to reduce the risk to an acceptable level?
response to a reported incident Risk to individuals Delegated staff who have access to the reports need to recognise a bona fide breach from a legitimate reason for clinical access as a misunderstanding may lead to disciplinary action being taken unnecessarily	Training in place for those who are delegated to use the system. Support for training from Fairwarning and ongoing user queries. Robust invstigation process in place. FairWarning provide client support for the lifetime of the system.				No gap identified				Robust processes will need to be in place to ensure that reports have been verified prior to a detailed investigation being authorised
Privacy & Security Risk The information within Active Directory needs to be accurate and up to date in order for	Staff starters process in place. Process for leavers from the organisation in place Delegated staff trained on the use of the system	2	2	4	Damage to corporate reputation and possible financial penalty awarded Damage and distress on wrongly accused staff member.	2	1	2	All delegated staff will be trained on how to use the system and understand the reports produced; including the

Risk description What event could	Primary controls	Current risk			Gaps in control		epta	ble	Mitigating actions
happen which would impact on the activity? What would cause it to happen? What would the consequence be?	What is in place now to prevent the risk from occurring or to act as a contingency if it does occur?	Consequence	Likelihood	Rating (C x L)	If the risk is not controlled to an acceptable level, what are the issues that need to be addressed?	Consequence	Likelihood	Rating (C x L)	required What needs to be done to reduce the risk to an acceptable level?
reports to be correct and meaningful Risk to Individual Staff may be wrongly accused of inappropriate access to records if their information is not kept up to date in Active Directory									identification of false-positive flags Robust processes will need to be in place to ensure that reports have been verified prior to a detailed investigation being authorised If false-positive flags are identified this will mean that the process of updating Active Directory on a regular basis will need to be enhanced
Further breaches of confidentiality may occur until the full functionality of	Manual audits in place	2	2	4	Damage to corporate reputation and possible financial penalty awarded	2	1	2	Staff will be notified of project via an awareness campaign. This will include reminder of staff

Risk description What event could		Current risk		risk	One in control	Acceptable risk			Mitigating actions
happen which would impact on the activity? What would cause it to happen? What would the consequence be?	Primary controls What is in place now to prevent the risk from occurring or to act as a contingency if it does occur?	Consequence	Likelihood	Rating (C x L)	If the risk is not controlled to an acceptable level,		required What needs to be done to reduce the risk to an acceptable level?		
FairWarning is fully implemented									responsibilities in relation to maintaining confidentiality Staff attend annual IG training which reminds them of their responsibilities in relation to maintaining confidentiality Part of terms and conditions of employment states that a breach of confidentiality is viewed as Gross Misconduct and will be dealt with accordingly. All staff sign up to these terms and conditions. Work

Risk description What event could	Duimour control -		rent	risk		Acceptable risk			Mitigating actions
happen which would impact on the activity? What would cause it to happen? What would the consequence be?	Primary controls What is in place now to prevent the risk from occurring or to act as a contingency if it does occur?	Consequence	Likelihood	Rating (C x L)	Gaps in control If the risk is not controlled to an acceptable level, what are the issues that need to be addressed?	Consequence	Likelihood	Rating (C x L)	required What needs to be done to reduce the risk to an acceptable level?
									with suppliers to ensure full functioanltiy
Nominated end users may not have time to review the reports produced by FairWarning and if this is the case the Trust's overall information risk will not be reduced		2	2	4	Damage to corporate reputation, possible financial penalty awarded and risk of civil action	2	1	2	Staff attend annual IG training which reminds them of their responsibilities in relation to maintaining confidentiality Part of terms and conditions of employment
Breaches of confidentiality may not be investigated if delegated staff do not have the time and this could lead to fraudulent activity e.g. patient demographics sold onto insurance									states that a breach of confidentiality is viewed as Gross Misconduct and will be dealt with accordingly. All staff sign up to

Risk description What event could	Drimon, controlo	Current risk			Cons in control	Acceptable risk			Mitigating actions
happen which would impact on the activity? What would cause it to happen? What would the consequence be?	Primary controls What is in place now to prevent the risk from occurring or to act as a contingency if it does occur?	Consequence	Likelihood	Rating (C x L)	Gaps in control If the risk is not controlled to an acceptable level, what are the issues that need to be addressed?	Consequence	Likelihood	Rating (C x L)	required What needs to be done to reduce the risk to an acceptable level?
companies, identity fraud etc									these terms and conditions

Stage – 4 Legal Compliance

Compliance to be determined by IG team from the responses provided in the previous stages, delete as appropriate:

Data Protection Act 2018	Compliance and Comment
Principle 1 – Personal data shall be processed fairly and lawfully and, in a transparent manner	 Lawfulness We have identified an appropriate lawful basis (or bases) for our processing. We are processing special category data and have identified a condition for processing this type of data. We don't do anything generally unlawful with personal data. Fairness We have considered how the processing may affect the individuals concerned and can justify any adverse impact. We only handle people's data in ways.
	 We only handle people's data in ways they would reasonably expect, or we can explain why any unexpected processing is justified. We do not deceive or mislead people when we collect their personal data. Transparency We are open and honest, and comply with the transparency obligations of the right to be informed.
Principle 2 – Personal data shall be collected for specified, explicit and legitimate purposes and not further processed in a manner that is incompatible with those purposes	 We have clearly identified our purpose or purposes for processing. We have documented those purposes. We include details of our purposes in our privacy information for individuals. We regularly review our processing and, where necessary, update our documentation and our privacy information for individuals. If we plan to use personal data for a new purpose other than a legal obligation or function set out in law, we check that this is compatible with our original purpose or we get specific consent for the new purpose.
Principle 3 –	We only collect personal data we actually need for our specified purposes.

Personal data shall be adequate, relevant and limited to what is necessary in relation to the purposes for which they are processed	We have sufficient personal data to properly fulfil those purposes.
Principle 4 – Personal data shall be Accurate and, where necessary, kept up to date, having regard to the purposes for which they are processed, are erased or rectified without delay	 We ensure the accuracy of any personal data we create. We have appropriate processes in place to check the accuracy of the data we collect, and we record the source of that data. We have a process in place to identify when we need to keep the data updated to properly fulfil our purpose, and we update it as necessary. If we need to keep a record of a mistake, we clearly identify it as a mistake. Our records clearly identify any matters of opinion, and where appropriate whose opinion it is and any relevant changes to the underlying facts. We comply with the individual's right to rectification and carefully consider any challenges to the accuracy of the personal data. As a matter of good practice, we keep a note of any challenges to the accuracy of the personal data
Principle 5 – Kept no longer than is necessary	 We know what personal data we hold and why we need it. We carefully consider and can justify how long we keep personal data. We have a policy with standard retention periods, however due to the Goddard Inquiry no destruction or deletion of patient records is to take place until further notice.
Principle 6 – Appropriate security, including	We undertake an analysis of the risks presented by our processing, and use this to appear the appropriate level of

protection against unauthorised or

unlawful processing and against

accidental loss, destruction or

damage

this to assess the appropriate level of

We have an information security policy

(or equivalent) and take steps to make sure the policy is implemented. We have put in place technical controls such as

security we need to put in place.

- those specified by established frameworks like Cyber Essentials.
- We use encryption.
- We understand the requirements of confidentiality, integrity and availability for the personal data we process.
- We make sure that we can restore access to personal data in the event of any incidents, such as by establishing an appropriate backup process.
- We conduct regular testing and reviews of our measures to ensure they remain effective, and act on the results of those tests where they highlight areas for improvement.
- We implement measures that adhere to an approved code of conduct or certification mechanism.
- We ensure that any data processor we use also implements appropriate technical and organisational measures.